



Consent required	Regulator / Authorising remit	Regulator	Contacts
Marine licence	Licensing of marine activities under the Marine and Coastal access	Marine Management	Marine Licensing Team
	Act (2009). The Marine management Organisation (MMO) is	Organisation (MMO)	
Although under certain circumstances	responsible for screening applications to see if a licence is		0300 123 1032
shellfish farming is exempted from requiring a	required.		
marine licence, all applicants must check and			marine.consents@marinemanagement.org.uk
notify the MMO of intention before the	The MMO will make marine licensing decisions in accordance with		
activity can commence.	the appropriate marine policy document (marine policy statement		https://www.gov.uk/make-a-marine-licence-
	and marine plan where adopted). Applicants should consider how		application#overview
Covers developments out to 200NM.	their proposal is in accordance with marine plans and the Marine		
	Policy Statement, and document this within an application for an		https://www.gov.uk/do-i-need-a-marine-
Charges may apply.	aquaculture facility to the relevant regulator.		<u>licence#aquaculture</u>
Two hours free consultation.			
	Situations when shellfish are exempted under the Marine		
Target Time = 13 weeks after validation of	Licencing (Exempted Activities) Order 2011.		
application.	(a) To the deposit of any shellfish, trestle, raft, cage, pole,		
	marker or line in the course of the propagation or cultivation of shellfish.		
	(b) To a removal activity or dredging activity carried on for		
	the purpose of moving shellfish within the sea in the course of its propagation or cultivation		
	Those activities that are exempt must still serve a notice of		
	intention to carry out the activity before the activity is carried on.		
	Exemptions do not apply when deposits are made for purposes of		
	disposal or creating, altering or maintaining an artificial reef or are		
	likely to cause an obstruction or danger to navigation		



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Processes and consultees for situations when a	n marine licence is required		
Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)	The Marine Works (Environmental Impact Assessment) (Amendment) Regulations 2017. Applications will need screening against the above to check if an EIA is required.	Marine Management Organisation	Marine Licensing Team 0300 123 1032 marine.consents@marinemanagement.org.uk https://www.gov.uk/marine-licensing-impact-
			assessments#environmental-impact- assessment
Habitats Risk Assessments (HRA) When an	The MMO consults assess if there are any Likely Significant Effects	Natural England, JNCC & IFCA's	Marine Licensing Team 0300 123 1032
EIA is not required but site falls within a European & Ramsar conservation site.	(LSE) on European sites or Ramsars. If none it can proceed. If an LSE then an appropriate assessment is required under the Conservation of Offshore Marine Habitats and Species Regulations	JNCC & IPCA S	marine.consents@marinemanagement.org.uk
	2017. This is carried out by the applicant then assessed and conditioned by the Local authority after consulting with NE, JNCC & IFCA.		https://www.gov.uk/marine-licensing-impact-assessments#HRA
Seabed management out to 12NM	The Crown Estate manage the seabed and work in partnership with customers and stakeholders to support the long-term sustainable development of the seabed	Crown Estate	https://www.thecrownestate.co.uk/en-gb/contact/
Fishery regulations and bylaws		Inshore Fisheries and Conservation Authorities (IFCAs)	http://www.association-ifca.org.uk/about-us/defra-guidance-to-the-ifcas
Water quality and environmental issues	Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC) The Water Environment (Water Framework Directive) (England and Wales) Regulations 2003.	Environment Agency (EA)	https://www.gov.uk/guidance/water- framework-directive-assessment-estuarine- and-coastal-waters
Safety of Navigation	As statutory Consultee to the MMO, The Maritime and Coastguard Agency considers impact on the Safety of Navigation, Search and Rescue and Counter Pollution.	The Maritime and Coastguard Agency	Tel: 023 80329184



	navigationsafety@mcga.gov.uk
	https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations
	/maritime-and-coastguard-agency

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Crown Estate Seabed Lease	The Crown Estate does not have a regulatory role. However, a	Crown Estate	Aquaculture Leases
	seabed lease may be required and can be applied for at any time.		0131 260 6076
Extends out to 12 NM.	If a marine licence has not yet been obtained then a lease options		or
	is available rather than a full lease.		0131 260 6078
Application No charge			
	This licence only relates to the seabed, but does not confer any		https://www.thecrownestate.co.uk/en-
Annual rental applies.	rights to fish or shellfish present.		gb/contact/
Target time = Without reasonable delay.			
Several Order Application	A several Order grants the successful applicant sole rights to a	Defra	Shellfish and Aquaculture
	specific area of the seabed for one or more named shellfish		Area 8A Millbank
These are not mandatory, but can give	species. These Orders are granted by Act of Parliament under the		17 Smith Square
security of tenure and some degree of stock	Sea Fisheries (Shellfish) Act 1967 as amended.		SW1P 3JR
protection in law to successful applicants.			
			0207 979 8680
Extends out to 6 NM.	The process of consultation and issue can be lengthy due to the		
	fact that the Orders follow Parliamentary process.		https://www.gov.uk/shellfisheries-several-
			orders-and-regulating-orders
Navigational markers	Subsequent to receiving permission from the MMO then Trinity	Trinity House	020 7481 6900
	House need to be notified for navigational purposes.		
			navigation.directorate@thls.org





	http://www.trinityhouse.co.uk/

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Sanitary Surveys	Undertake a collection of tasks termed a 'sanitary survey' to	Food Standards	https://www.food.gov.uk/business-
Required to identify suitable sampling points	identify sources of pollution in shellfish harvesting and relay areas,	Agency are the	guidance/shellfish-production-area-
for the shellfish classification monitoring (see	and provision of a sampling plan in accordance with EC Regulation	Competent	<u>assessments</u>
below)	854/2004	Authority.	
Shellfish Classification	Classification of shellfish harvesting areas under EC Regulation	Food Standards	http://www.food.gov.uk/enforcement/monitor
Water and shellfish sampling is carried out by	854/2004	Agency are the	ing/shellfish/shellharvestareas
local health authorities to ensure food safety		Competent Authority	
of the final product.	All shellfish harvested for human consumption must originate from	and determines the	
	classified waters, and the shellfish must meet minimum	classification for each	
	microbiological standards so that they are fit for human	shellfish bed, Local	
	consumption. There is a requirement for shellfish producers to	Health Authorities	
	meet certain end product standards.	carry out official	
		control sampling	
Biotoxin Monitoring	Biotoxin monitoring is carried out by the FSA to ensure that	FSA is the central	https://www.food.gov.uk/business-
	harvested shellfish meet certain standards and do not pose a risk	competent authority	guidance/shellfish-controls-information
All shellfish harvesting areas must be assessed	to human health. This monitoring is a requirement of EC	and co-ordinates and	
for the presence of harmful algal species	Regulation 854/2004.	funds the testing.	
		Local authorities	
		carry out official	
		control sampling.	
Authorisation to operate an Aquaculture	Authorisation of aquaculture production businesses (APBs) under	Fish Health	01305 206700
Production Business APB	the Aquatic Animal Health (England & Wales) Regulations 2009	Inspectorate (FHI)	



		FHI@cefas.co.uk
(An authorisation in principle may be		1.00
available before the APB is up and running)		https://www.gov.uk/fish-and-shellfish-farm-
		authorisation-and-registration
No charges	N.B. Authorisation for APB, Import & Permitting of Alien species	
	may all be dealt with as one by FHI in many cases.	
Target time = 90 days including consultation		

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Processes and consultees for authorisation as a shellfish APB if a Marine licence was not required.				
Assessment under the Conservation of habitats and species Regulations 2010. Target time will depend upon the data collection requirement. It will be useful for the applicant to contact Natural England for a scoping opinion.	If the farm is in a European Marine Site and it has not required a Marine licence, it will require assessment against the conservation objectives that apply to the site. The assessment process, if required, will involve data gathering, for which the applicant may be responsible.	The licensing authority (MMO, Crown Estate, FHI, issuer of the lease or other appropriate body) will take advice from Natural England or Natural Resources Wales.		
Advice on fishery byelaws and other local issues	The local IFCA responsible for the area the farm is to operate within is consulted for advice on local fishery byelaws and other relevant activities that the aquaculture operation may interact with.	Relevant local IFCA	http://www.association-ifca.org.uk/	
Advice on environmental impacts	Natural England is contacted for advice on the environmental and conservation issues that may apply to the aquaculture operation.	Natural England (NE) for applications in England, Natural Resources Wales (NRW) for applications in Wales.	https://www.gov.uk/fish-and-shellfish-farm-authorisation-and-registration http://publications.naturalengland.org.uk/publication/4038539	



Authorisation to import livestock Required if shellfish are to be sourced from	Authorisation to import livestock for aquaculture from EU or third countries under Aquatic animal health Directive 2006/88.	Fish Health Inspectorate (FHI)	01305 206700
anywhere outside England, Wales or Scotland.			FHI@cefas.co.uk
No charges			https://www.gov.uk/import-or-export-live-fish-
	N.B. Authorisation for APB, Import & Permitting of Alien species		and-shellfish
Target time = 15 to 90 days	may all be dealt with as one by FHI in many cases.		

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Permitting farming of alien species.	Permitting under the Alien and Locally Absent Species in	Fish Health	01305 206700
	Aquaculture (England & Wales) Regulations 2011.	Inspectorate (FHI)	
No administration charges but potentially			FHI@cefas.co.uk
significant charges to industry to carry out risk			
assessments.			https://www.gov.uk/introduce-or-keep-non-
	N.B. Authorisation for APB, Import & Permitting of Alien species		<u>native-fish-and-shellfish</u>
Target time = 15 to 90 days	may all be dealt with as one by FHI in many cases.		
Disposal of mortalities	Council Regulation EC 1069/2009 on animal by-products defines	Regulation via Local	https://www.food.gov.uk/enforcement/yourar
	shells from shellfish with flesh attached as Category III waste, and	Environmental	<u>ea</u>
Whilst not an activity that requires licensing,	disposal of this should be in accordance with the local health	Health Authorities.	
it is a requirement for all shellfish aquaculture	authority rules. Shells with no flesh remaining are not treated as		
enterprises to follow rules on disposal of	specified waste products and should be disposed of as normal		
specified waste.	commercial waste in accordance with Local Health Authority rules.		
Inspection of vessels & premises	Fisheries & conservation management and enforcement under the	Inshore Fisheries and	http://www.association-ifca.org.uk/
	Marine and Coastal Access Act 2009, national and European	Conservation	
	legislation.	Authority (IFCA)	http://www.association-
Local fishery bylaws			ifca.org.uk/marine-protected-areas





Permitting of certain activities	Management of Marine Protected Areas (MPA's), European Marine Sites (EMS) & Marine Conservations Zones (MCZ)		https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/fishing-offences-penalties-and-inspections
GLA Licence Shellfish gathering / food processing and	The Gangmasters Licensing Authority regulates the supply of temporary labour into the fresh produce sector including those supplied to gather shellfish by hand as well as any processing and	GLA	0345 602 5020 licensing@gla.gsi.gov.uk
packaging	packaging of fresh produce – including shellfish and marine fish.		http://www.gla.gov.uk/i-am-a/i-supply-workers/do-i-need-a-glaa-licence/which-activities-need-a-licence/